Henry Caldera 661.340.2028 | henry@datascientist.ai | LinkedIn Profile

| Education | Master of Information and Data Science UC Berkeley Berkeley, CA | May 2024 |
|------------|--|---------------------|
| | Bachelor of Science, Biochemistry UC Santa Barbara Santa Barbara, CA | Jun. 2015 |
| Skills | Programming & Software: Python (TensorFlow, Keras, PyTorch, Scikit-learn, Matplotlib, Seaborn, Pandas, NumPy, FastAPI, Pydantic, NLTK, SpaCY), R (Tidyverse, Imtest, sandwich, fable, feasts, plm, ggplot2), SQL (PostgreSQL), NoSQL (Redis, MongoDB, Neo4j), Docker, Kubernetes, Git, Github, Power BI, Microsoft Office Suite (Word, Excel, PowerPoint, Outlook), EHR cloud platforms. | |
| | Data Science: Experimental design, statistical modeling (causal inference, time series and panel data modeling), machine learning modeling (LLMs, deep neural networks, RNNs, CNNs, random forest, decision-tree and clustering algorithms, KNN, XGBoost), cloud computing platforms (AWS, GCP, Azure). | |
| | Language: English & Spanish – native in speaking, writing, and reading; Portugue in speaking, writing, and reading. | ese – intermediate |
| Experience | | Apr. 2016 – current |
| | Electronic Health Record System Administrator Managing EHR system protocols to align with operational protocols by implementing new user functionalities and/or constraints in the web app and mobile app interfaces. Diagnosing problems with the EHR system and communicating directly with the vendor to report bugs and request new features. Ensuring the EHR system is connected for the import and export of data to external sources and systems, and controlling access to relational databases by managing EHR system accounts and their permissions. Generally oversee the entry, validity, and storage of 300,000+ animal records and 15,000,000+ event records. | |
| | Operations Data Analyst Generated ad hoc operational and performance reports through collaboration functional groups such as management and accounting. Guided strategic decisions through data analyses and development of scoreca management teams to assess performance of all departments, resulting in (ov ° 12-15% increase in milk production ° 30% reduction in herd replacement costs ° 40% reduction in mortality rate | rds used by |
| | 5% increase in reproductive performance <i>In Vitro Fertilization Ops Lead</i> Gained leadership of early-stage pioneering bovine IVF program and develop standard operating procedures for the reproductive operations. Scaled operations over a two-year timeline by increasing business inputs i.e. size, source materials, equipment, and allocated land space to realize a 4x increasing production - culminating in the achievement of a then-world record. | expanding team |

Henry Caldera 661.340.2028 | ecalderajr@berkeley.edu | <u>Berkeley Grad Profile</u>

| Experience | Kern Medical CenterMar. 2010 – Sept. 2012Research AssistantSept. 2012 | | |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| | • Worked in the Emergency Department determining eligibility of prospective study participants, conferring with nurses and medical residents to verify criteria, and enrolling patients into medical studies. | | |
| | Secondary work in the microbiology lab preparing nasopharyngeal samples for genotypic analysis. Lead Assistant to Principal Investigators on study aimed to describe the spectrum of viruses in children presenting with bronchiolitis. Assisted on medical team's involvement in Macrogenics Inc.'s Phase II clinical trial of a vaccine for West Nile Virus in ED patients. | | |
| Publications | Walsh, Paul; Vieth, Teri; Rodriguez, Carolina; Lona, Nicole; Molina, Rogelio; Habebo, Emnet; Caldera, Enrique, et al. Using A Pacifier to Decrease Sudden Infant Death Syndrome: An Emergency Department Educational Intervention. <i>PeerJ</i> 2014; 2:e309. | | |
| | Walsh, Paul; Overmyer, Christina; Hancock, Christine; Heffner, Jacquelin; Walker, Nicolas; Nguyen, Thienphuc; Shanholtzer, Lucas; Caldera, Enrique, et al. Is the Interpretation of Rapid Antigen Testing for Respiratory Syncytial Virus as Simple as Positive or Negative? <i>Emergency Medicine Journal</i> 2014; 31:153–159. | | |
| | Walsh, Paul; Merchant, Sabrina; Aguilar, Valerie; Rodriguez, Carolina; Molina, Rogelio; Heffner, Jacquelin; Caldera, Enrique, et al. Performance of a Rule to Predict Apnea in Bronchiolitis. Abstract. Society for Academic Emergency Medicine 2011; 18(5):S85. | | |
| Projects* | MedQuest: Your path to health, simplified. Jan 2024 - Apr 2024 | | |
| | An app created for Berkeley's Capstone project leveraging LLMs and deep learning modeling to enable disease classification from symptoms using natural language input. With a mission to bridge the gap in accessibility between those who need healthcare and those who can afford it, our platform is designed to provide quick assessments and guidance on the next steps for their health concerns using natural language input; a first of its kind. | | |
| | Investigating Neural Machine Translation Strategies for Tagalog Aug 2023 - Dec 2023 | | |
| | Conducted LLM experiments to improve translation performance on low-resources languages by testing the effect of fine-tuning LLMs with varying percentages of mixed real-synthetic data (English-Tagalog sentence pairs) created using the back-translation technique. Decoder-only LLMs (ChatGPT-3.5) showed only marginal benefits from training on mixed real-synthetic datasets, while encoder-decoder LLMs (M2M100 & mBART50) showed significant increases in BLEU and BLEURT metrics, as well as native-speaker evaluations, which demonstrated improvements in fluency, adequacy, and formally of translated texts to the target language. | | |
| | Time Series Forecast of the Keeling CurveAug 2023 - Dec 2023 | | |
| | With Mauna Loa Observatory's data of atmospheric CO2 concentration from 1998 to 2023, a seasonally-adjusted ARIMA model was fit to the weekly Keeling curve data from 1998 to 2021. The SARIMA model's performance was evaluated comparing the predicted and realized CO2 | | |

seasonally-adjusted ARIMA model was fit to the weekly Keeling curve data from 1998 to 2021 The SARIMA model's performance was evaluated comparing the predicted and realized CO2 concentrations between 2022-2023 and showed a normalized RMSE of 0.065. Critically, the SARIMA model forecast predicts the atmospheric CO2 concentration will reach the 500 ppm threshold in December 2061 - well within our lifetimes.

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Projects**Effect of Changing Traffic Laws on Rates of Traffic Fatalities Across StatesAug 2023 - Dec 2023*With monthly panel data from the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration between
1980-2004 for the 48 continental U.S. states, modeled the effect of changing regulatory traffic
laws on the total fatalities per 100,000 people in state population. Controlling for state-level
fixed effects, the findings include a decrease of 1.1 deaths (p<0.05) where driver's BAC limits
are 0.08, a decrease of 1.2 deaths (p<0.01) where per se DUI laws exist, a decrease of 1.2 deaths
(p<0.05) where primary seatbelt laws exist, a decrease of 1.2 deaths (p<0.01) for every percentage point increase
of the population aged 14-24, and a decrease of 1.4 deaths (p<0.01) for every one-point increase
in the log of the unemployment rate - highlighting the importance of both traffic laws and
population demographics on the effect of traffic fatality rates.

Effect of Additional Road Signs on Cyclist's Traffic Law Compliance May 2023 - Jul 2023

Conducted a single-blinded field experiment with clustered randomization and between-subjects design to test the effect of additional targeted signage at stop-controlled intersections on changes in cyclists' compliance with stopping and yielding. The treatment intervention increased the propensity of cyclists to abide by the traffic law and stop by 17% (p<0.01). Additionally, the intervention demonstrated an increase of 36% in the propensity of cyclists to yield (p<0.01).

Prediction of Age-related Disease from Patient Health Data

May 2023 - Jul 2023

With data from InVitro Cell Research, a company focused on personalized regenerative medicine, created random forest, XGBoost, and deep neural network models to predict disease presence based on 56 patient characteristics - weighted F1 score of 90.0%.

Effect of PM 2.5 on Asthma-related visits to the ER in Los Angeles

Jan 2023 - Apr 2023

With data from the California Environment Protection Agency, used OLS regression to model the effect of particular matter (<2.5 μ m) on rate of Asthma-related ER visits in Los Angeles. The multivariate model, controlled for socioeconomic factors, showed an increase of 8 Asthma-related visits per 1 million ER visits for every one increase in percentile rank of PM_2.5 concentration (p<0.01). Importantly, the analysis revealed the impact of socioeconomic burden lead to an increase of 38 Asthma-related visits per 1 million ER visits (p<0.01), highlighting the outsized importance of social determinants of health in public health outcomes.

References Dr. Jeff Wendler, Operations General Manager 541.314.8098 | jwendler@rdoffutt.com

Dr. Adlai Schuler, Operations Manager 612.723.4156 | aschuler@rdoffutt.com

Dr. Brittany Casperson, Maternity Manager 541.303.3994 | bcasperson@rdoffutt.com

* More on LinkedIn profile